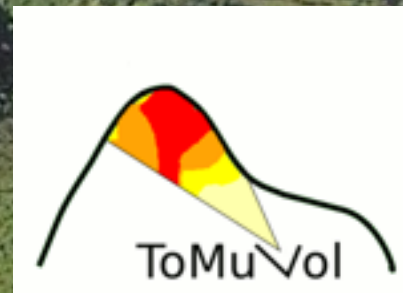


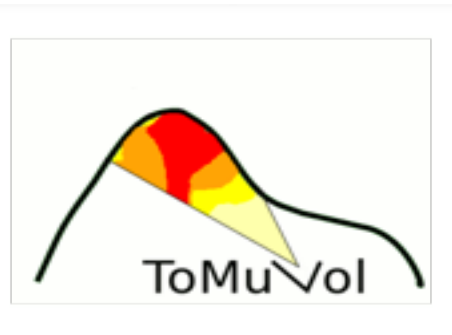
Muography on Puy de Dôme

C Cârloganu
LPC Clermont Ferrand IN2P3/CNRS

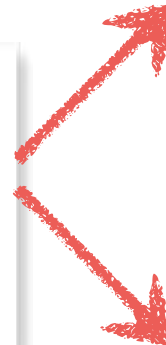




Institute of Nuclear Physics of Lyon



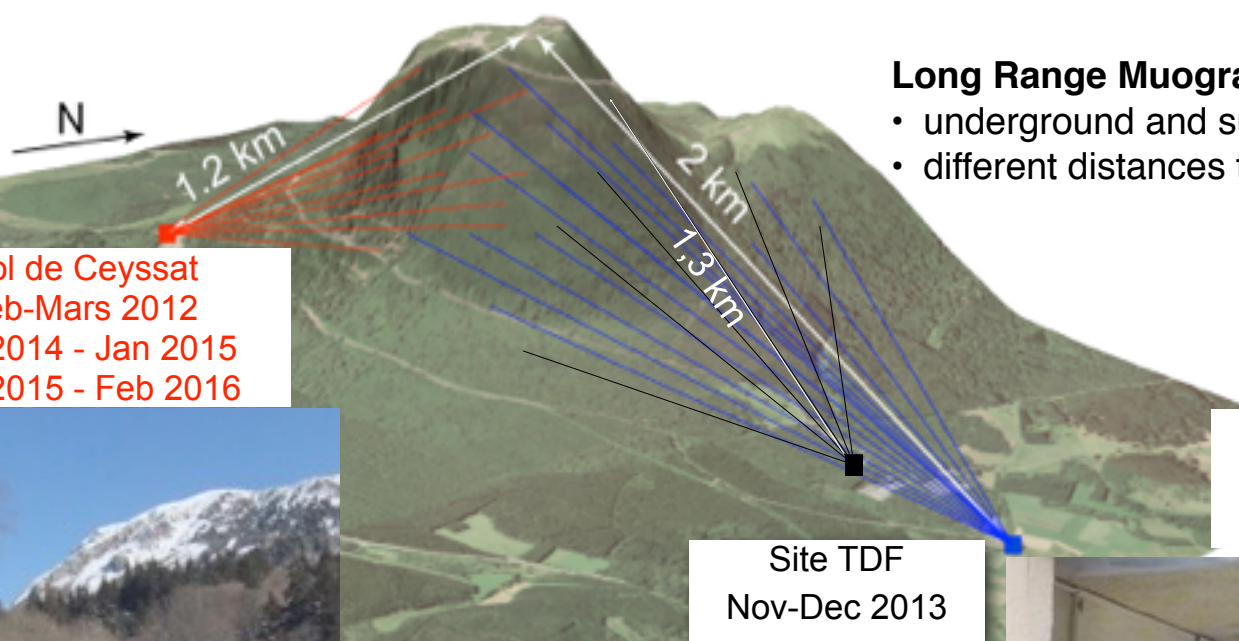
Proof of principle of muography on
km sized volcanoes



Puy de Dôme
muography reference site

Long Range Muography

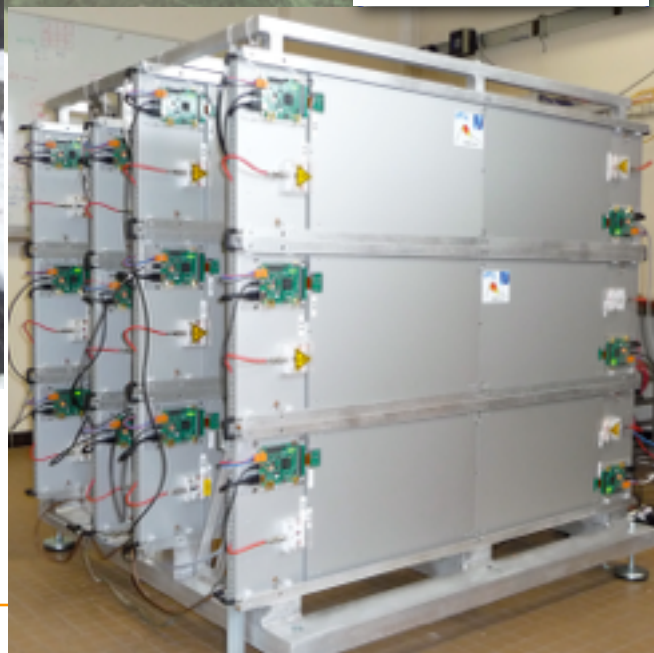
- underground and surface deployment sites
- different distances to the target



Col de Ceyssat
Feb-Mars 2012
Oct 2014 - Jan 2015
Oct 2015 - Feb 2016

Grotte Taillerie
Jan-Juillet 2011
March-April 2016

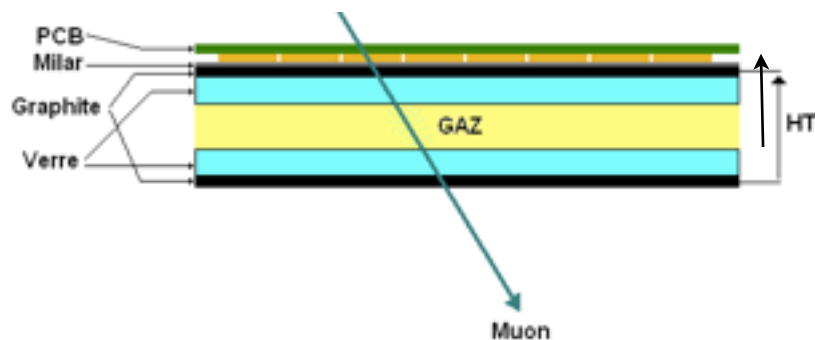
Site TDF
Nov-Dec 2013





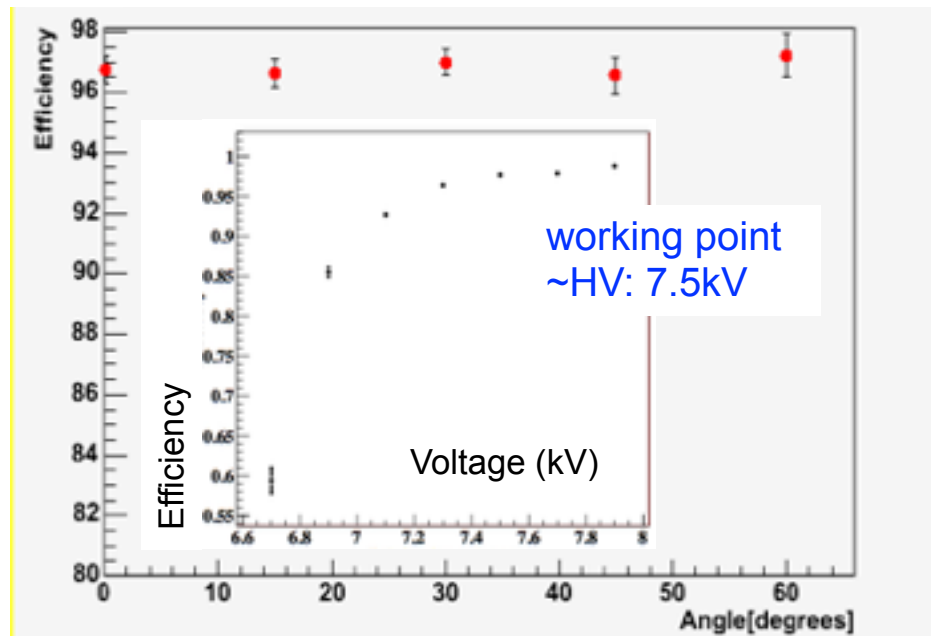
- 4 layers of 6 Glass Resistive Plate Chambers (GRPC)
- GRPC: gaseous detector with glass electrodes
- Applied voltage: 7.5 kV
- 1.2 mm gap filled by a gas mixture chosen for its ionizations properties
- 1layer: $\sim 1\text{m}^2$
- Readout cells of 1 cm^2 (~ 40000 cells in total)
- Using a 5 MHz clock and auto-triggered
- Remotely monitored from web interface

Avalanche mode: mean MIP charge 2.6pC, RMS: 1.6pC

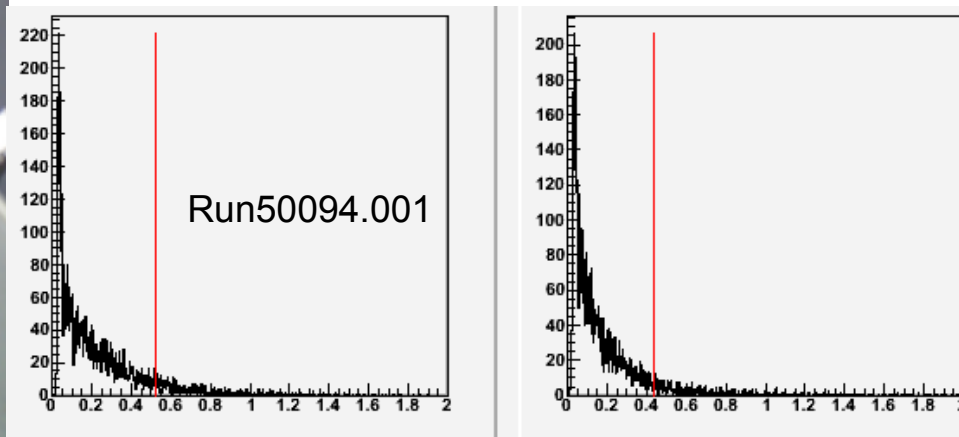


M. Bedjidian et al, "Performance of Glass Resistive Plate Chambers for a high granularity semi-digital calorimeter", JINST 6:P02001,2011

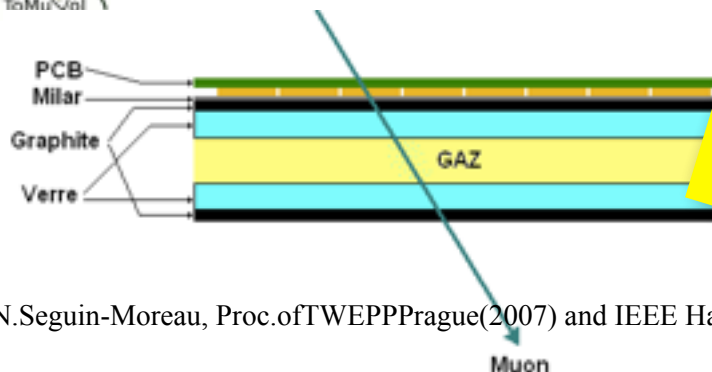
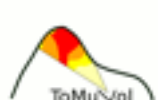
Efficiency vs. HV & track incident angle



Noise rate (Hz)

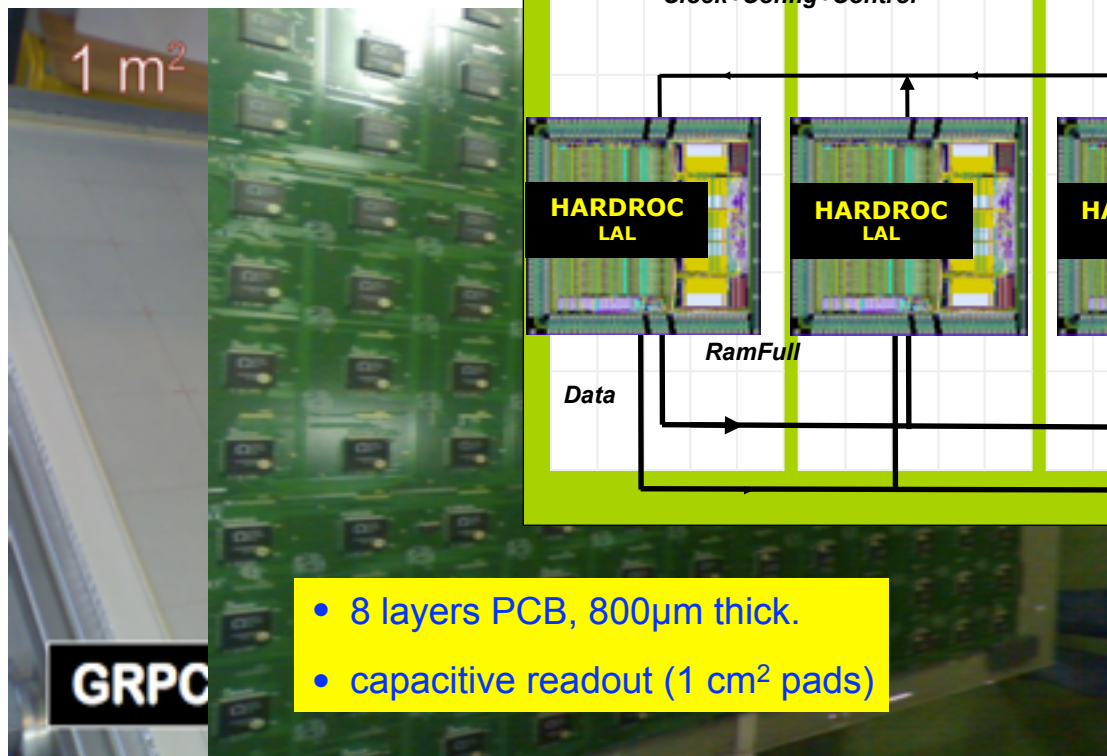
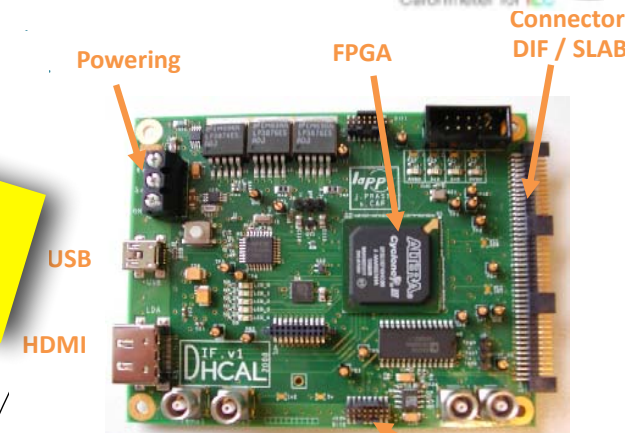


Muon Tracker : CALICE Electronics

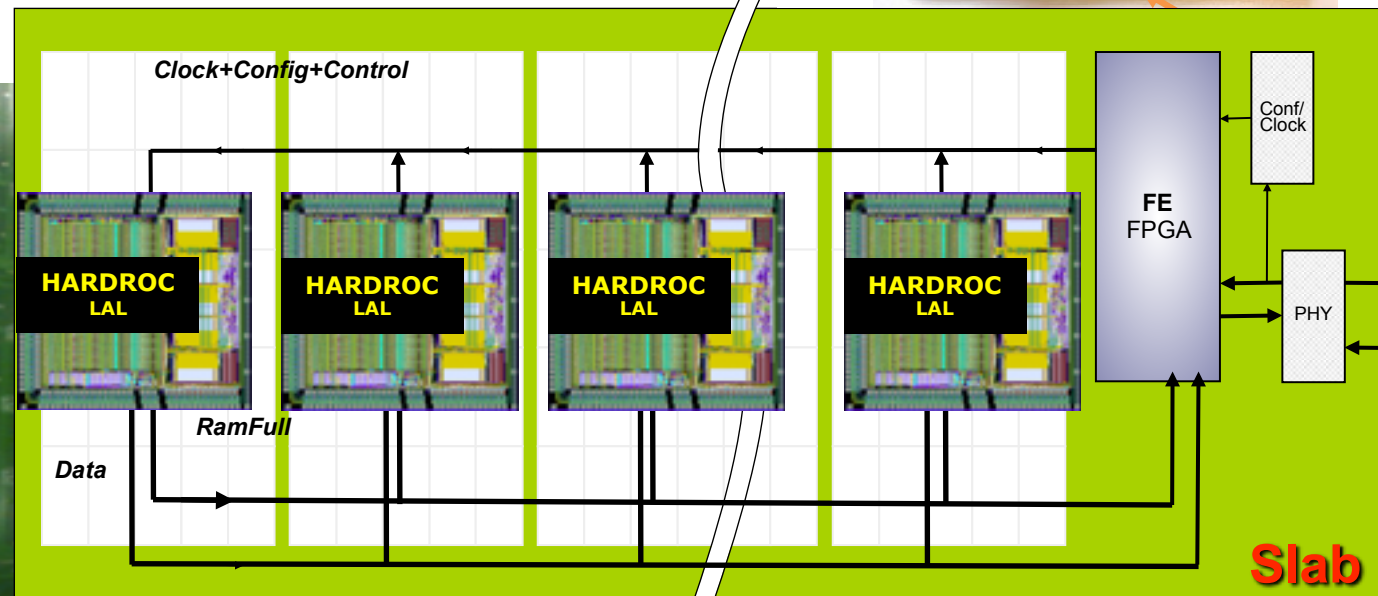


N.Seguin-Moreau, Proc.ofTWEPPPrague(2007) and IEEE Hawei (2007)

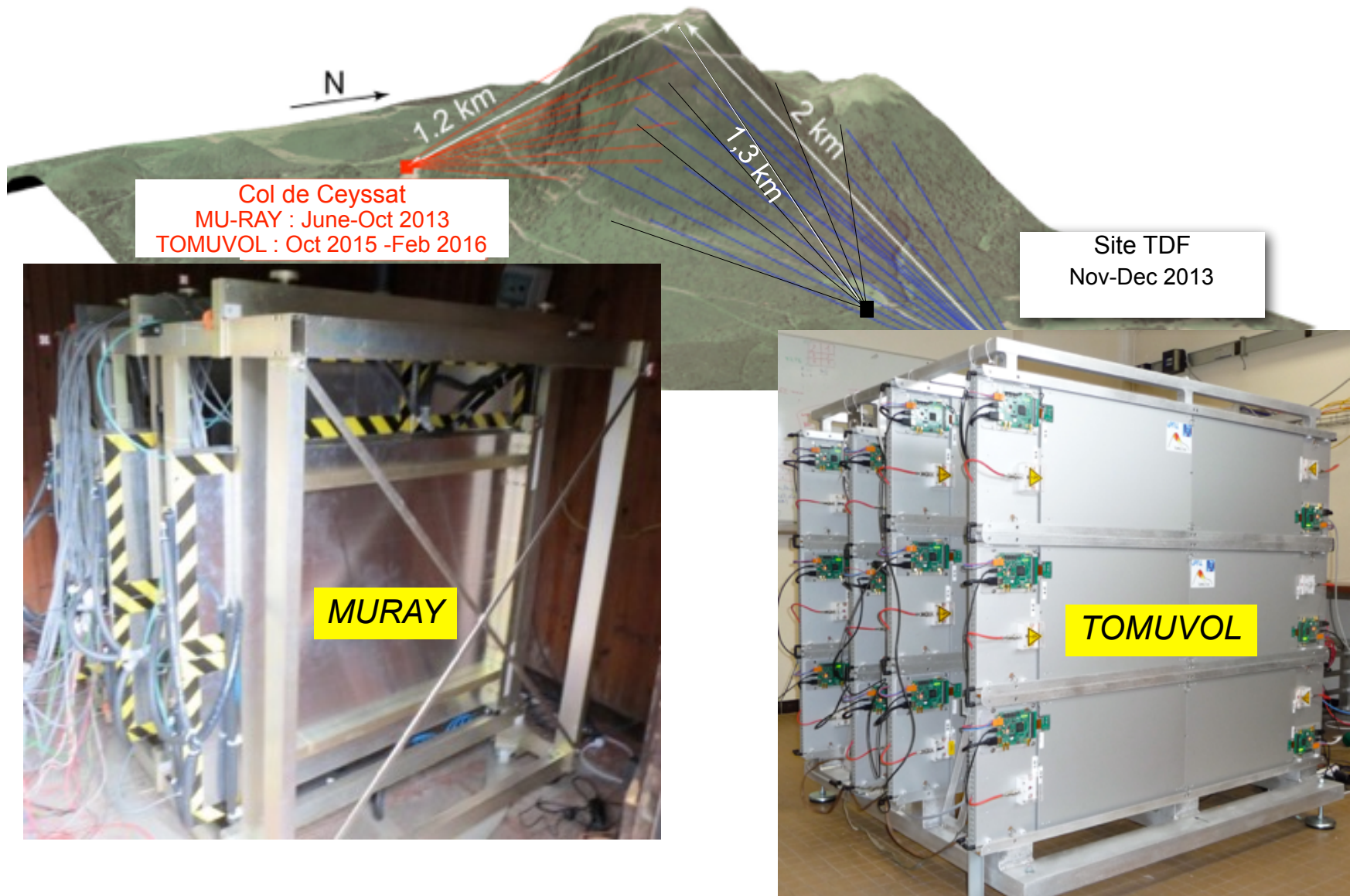
9472 channels/m²
1 hit $\equiv$ time + thresh

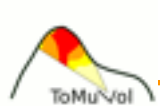


- 8 layers PCB, 800 μ m thick.
- capacitive readout (1 cm² pads)

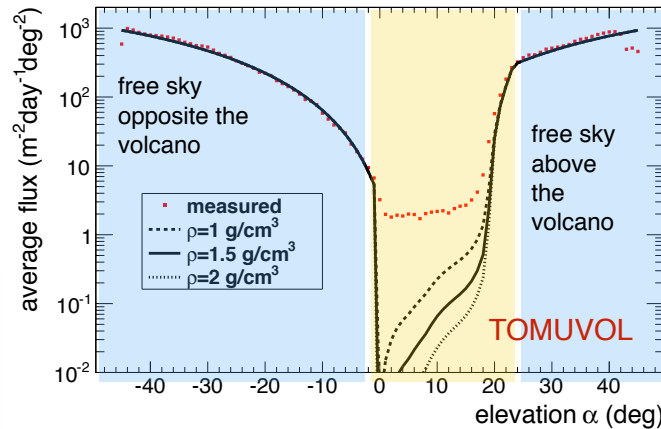
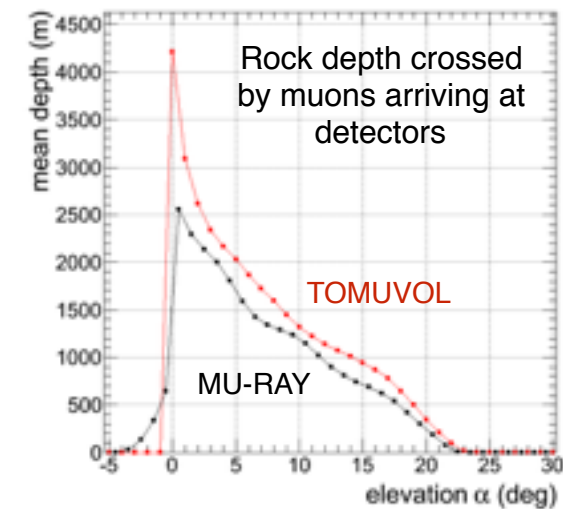
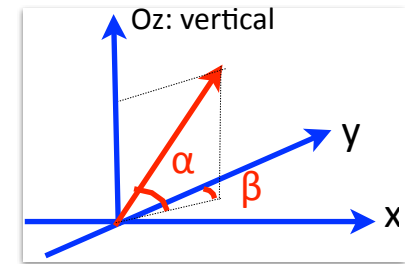
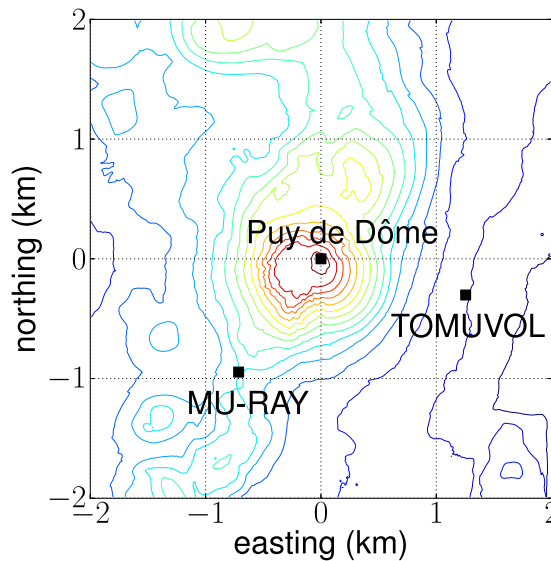


- 64 channels, 16 mm²
- digital output (2 adjustable thr_s)
- low power consumption
- large gain range
- xtalk < 2%
- ajustable gain for each channel

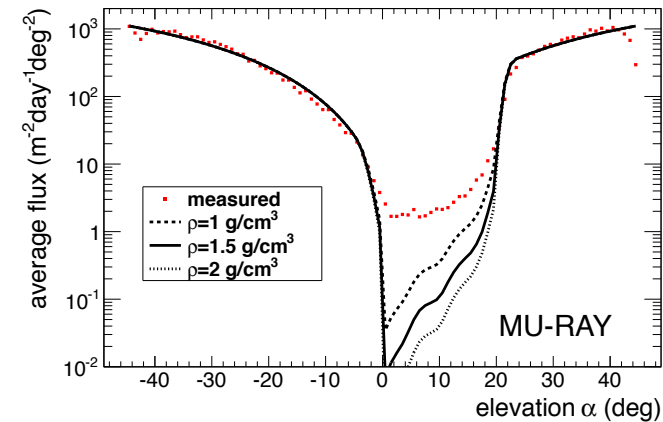




MURAY-TOMUVOL 2013 campaign on Puy de Dôme

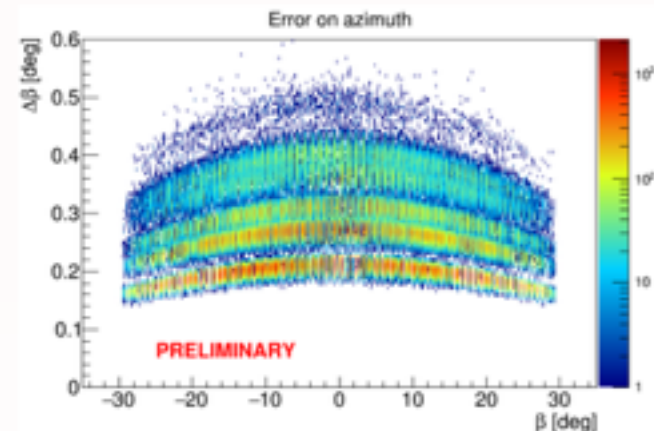
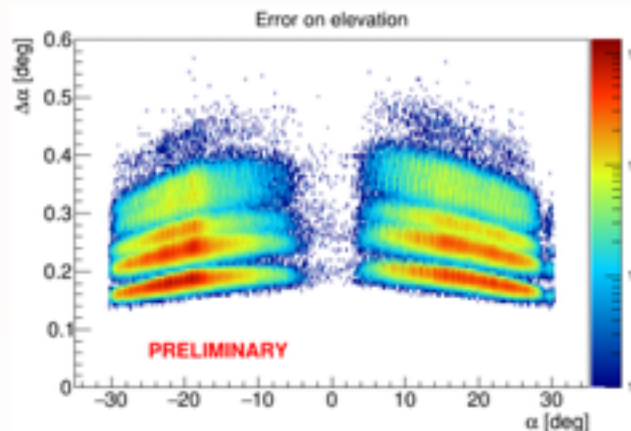
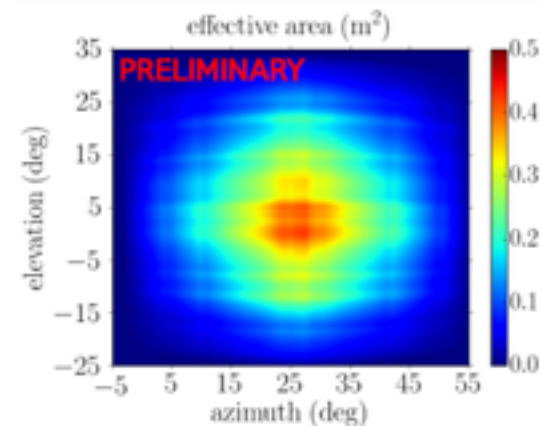
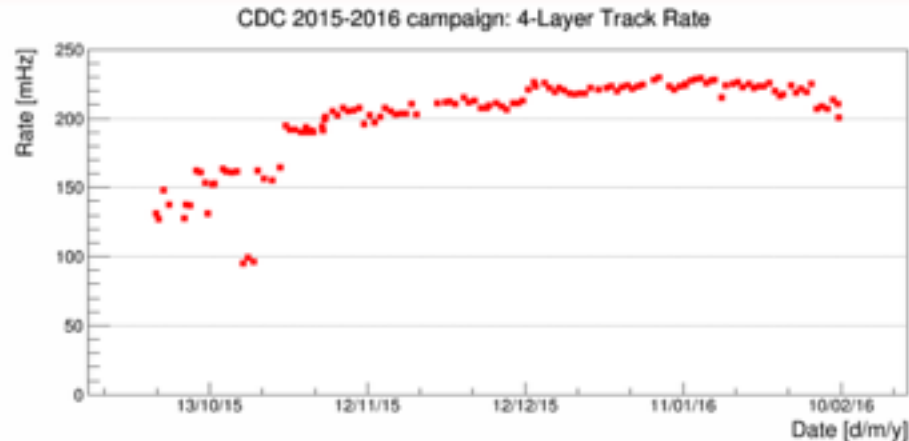


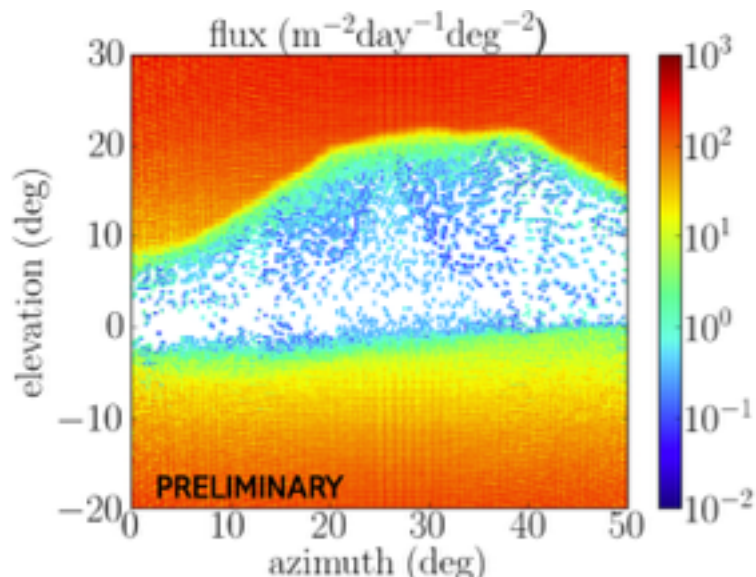
Data/flux model agreement:
~5% for free sky



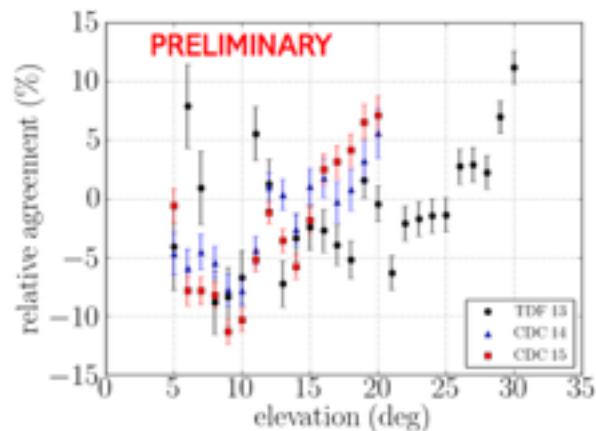
J. Geophys. Res. Solid Earth, 120,
doi:10.1002/2015JB011969

- Very preliminary results on the CDC 2015-2016 campaign
- 99.6 effective days of data taking
- 1 m² detector

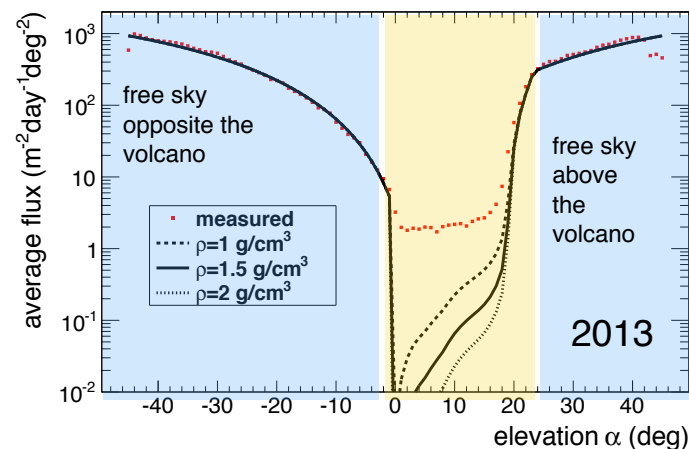
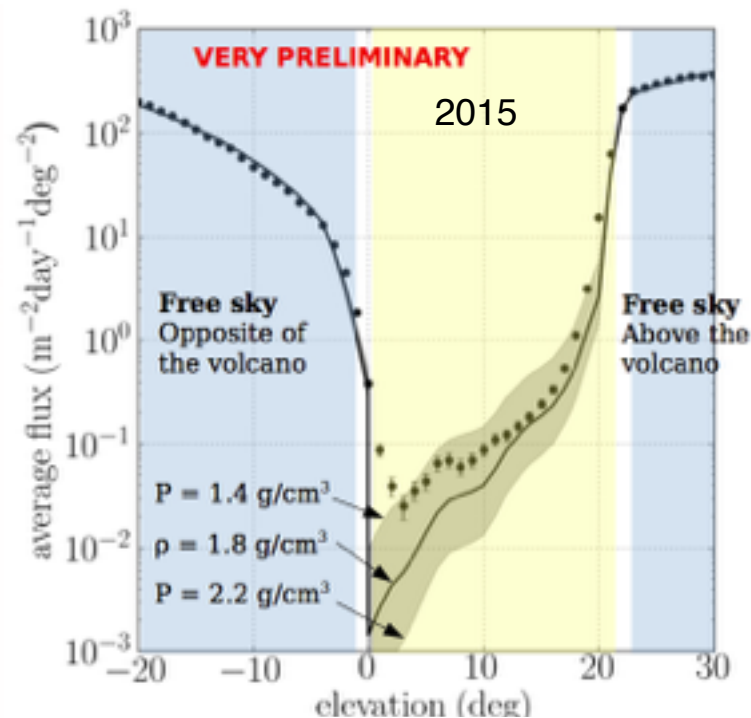




For the moment, systematic uncertainty estimated from comparison between data and model in the free sky



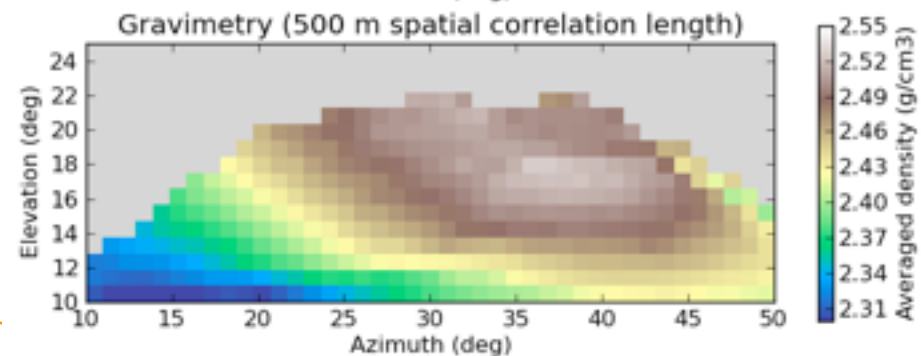
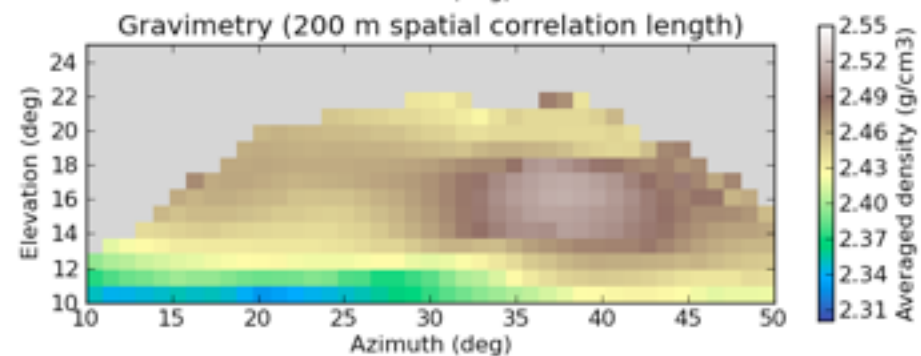
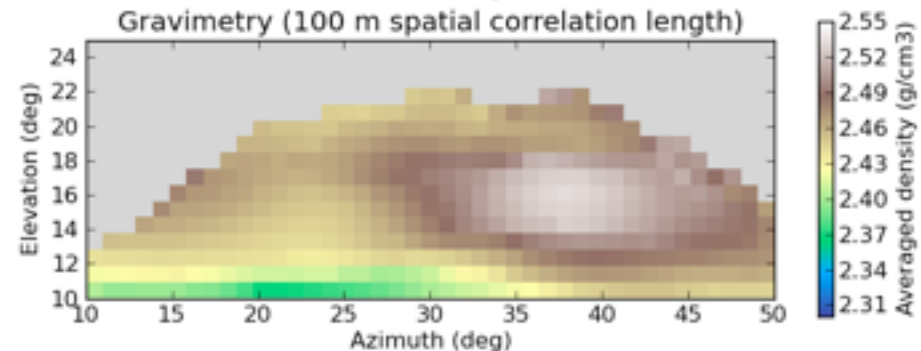
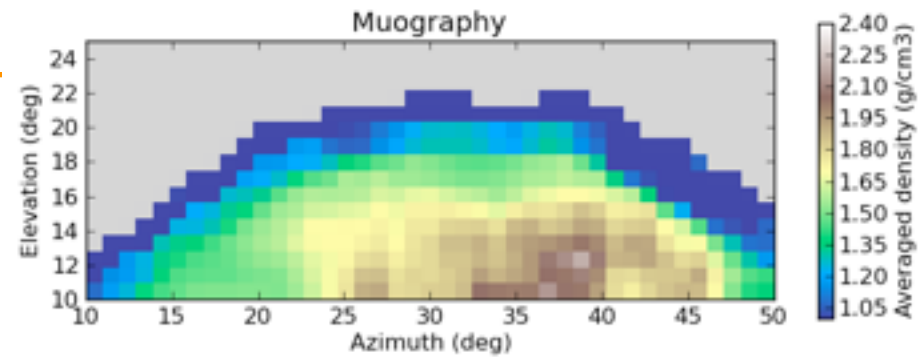
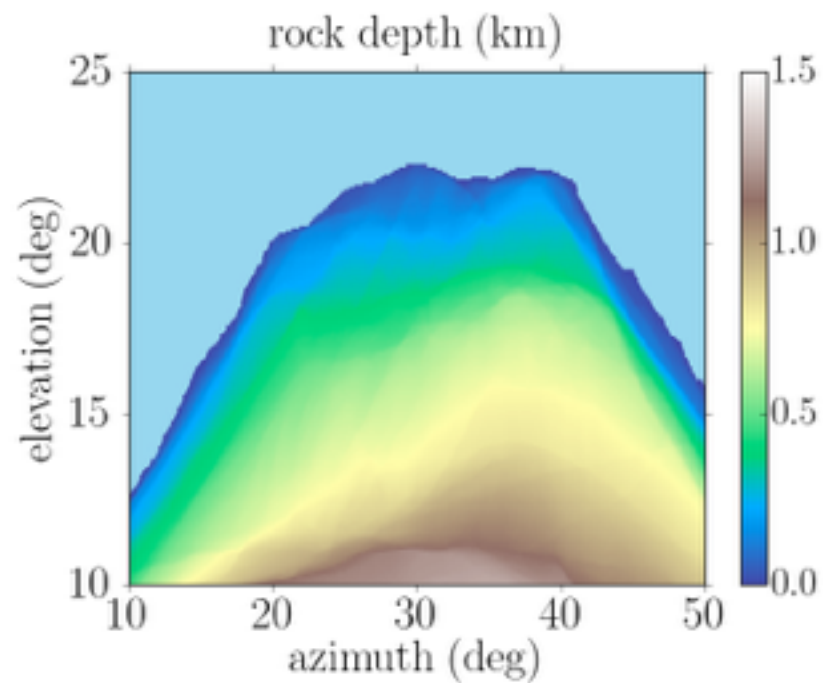
$$\text{rel. agreement} = 100 \times \left(\frac{\text{data}}{\text{pred}} - 1 \right)$$

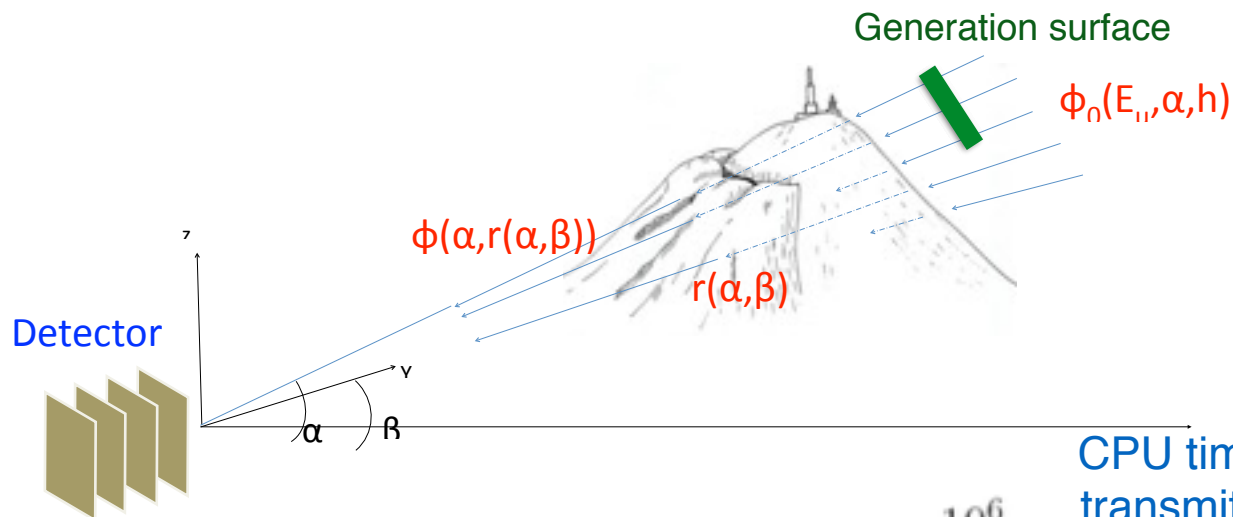




Puy de Dôme

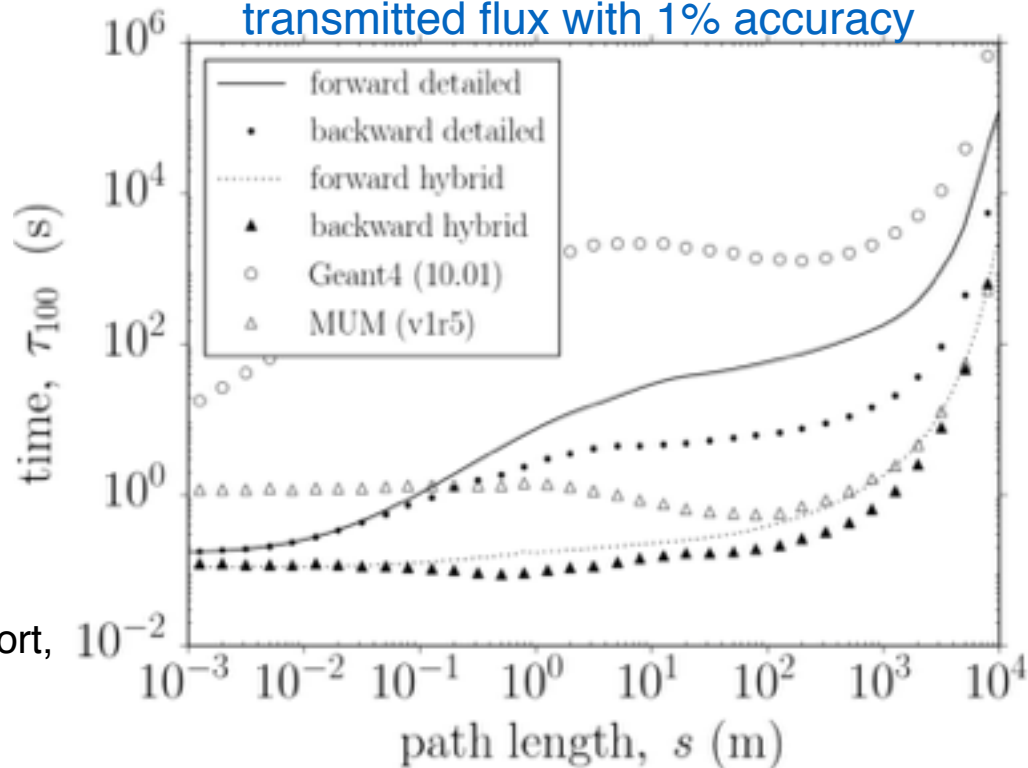
Inner structure



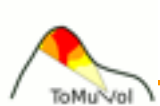


Solution: sample the muons backwards in time, from the detector to the atmosphere

CPU time needed to simulate the transmitted flux with 1% accuracy

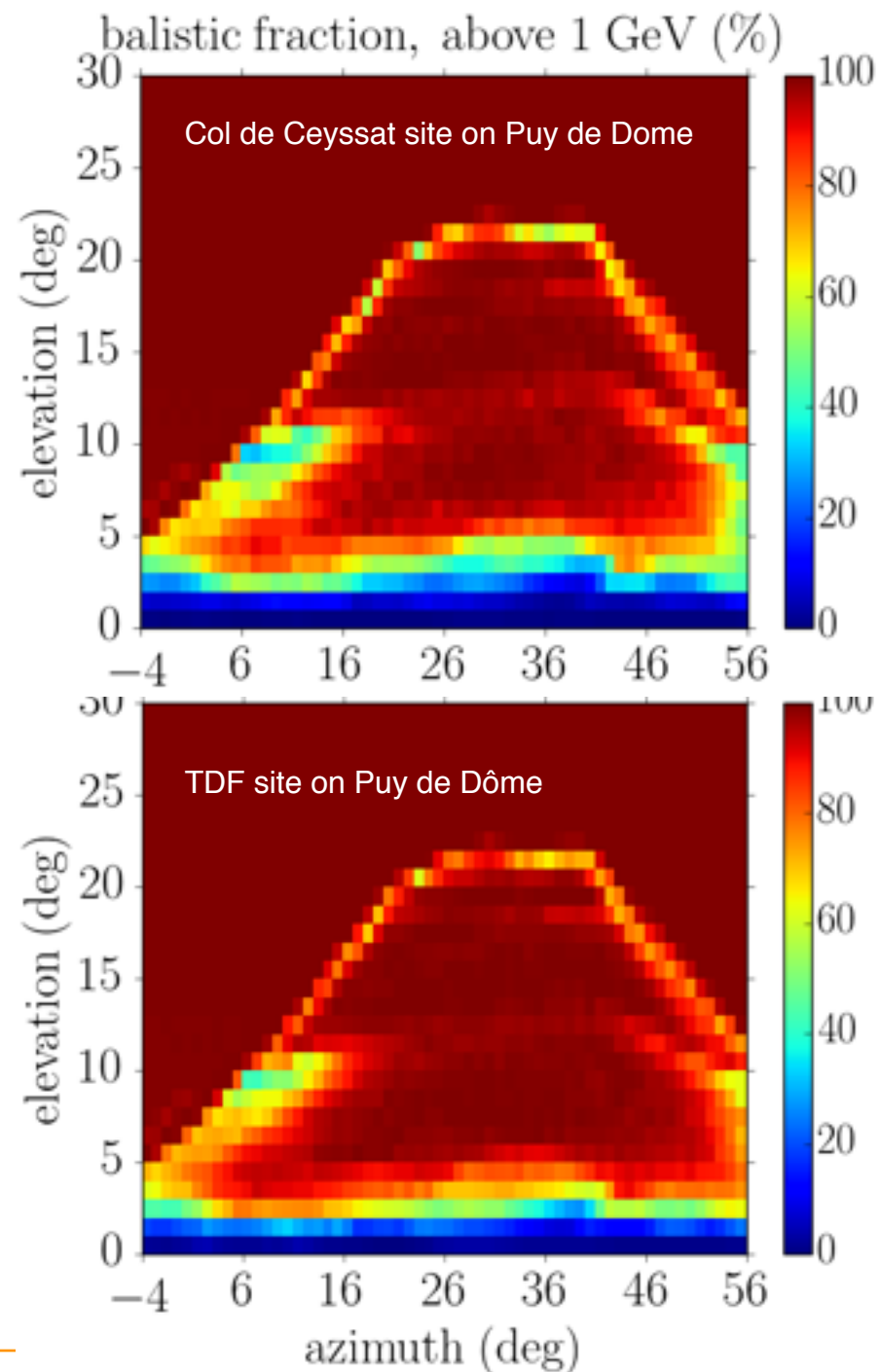
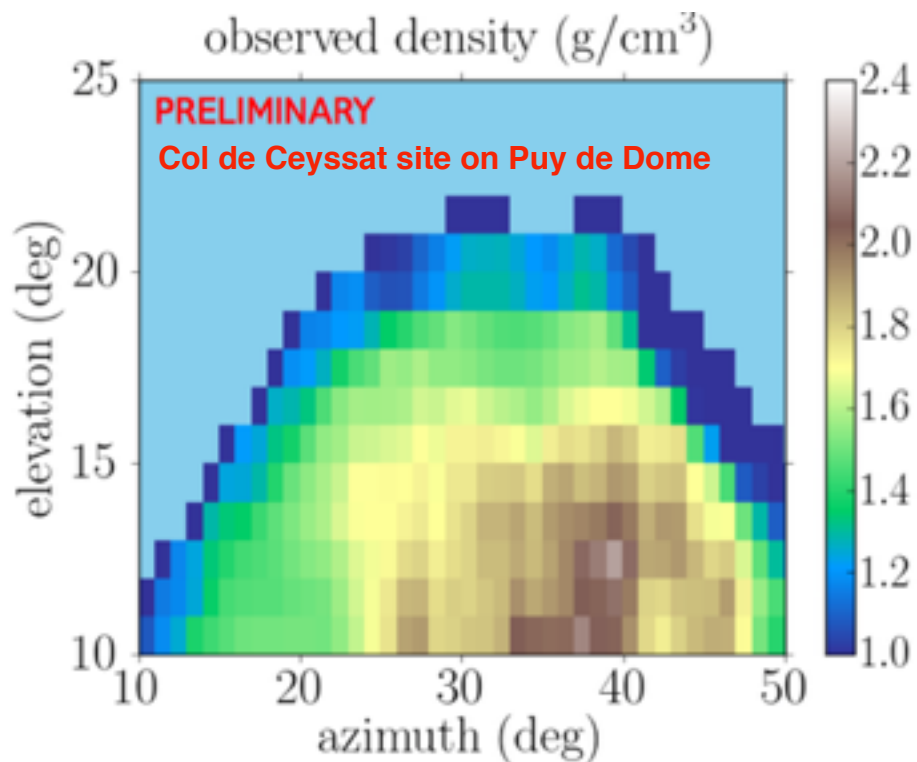


Backward Monte Carlo applied to muon transport, submitted to CPU,
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.05636>

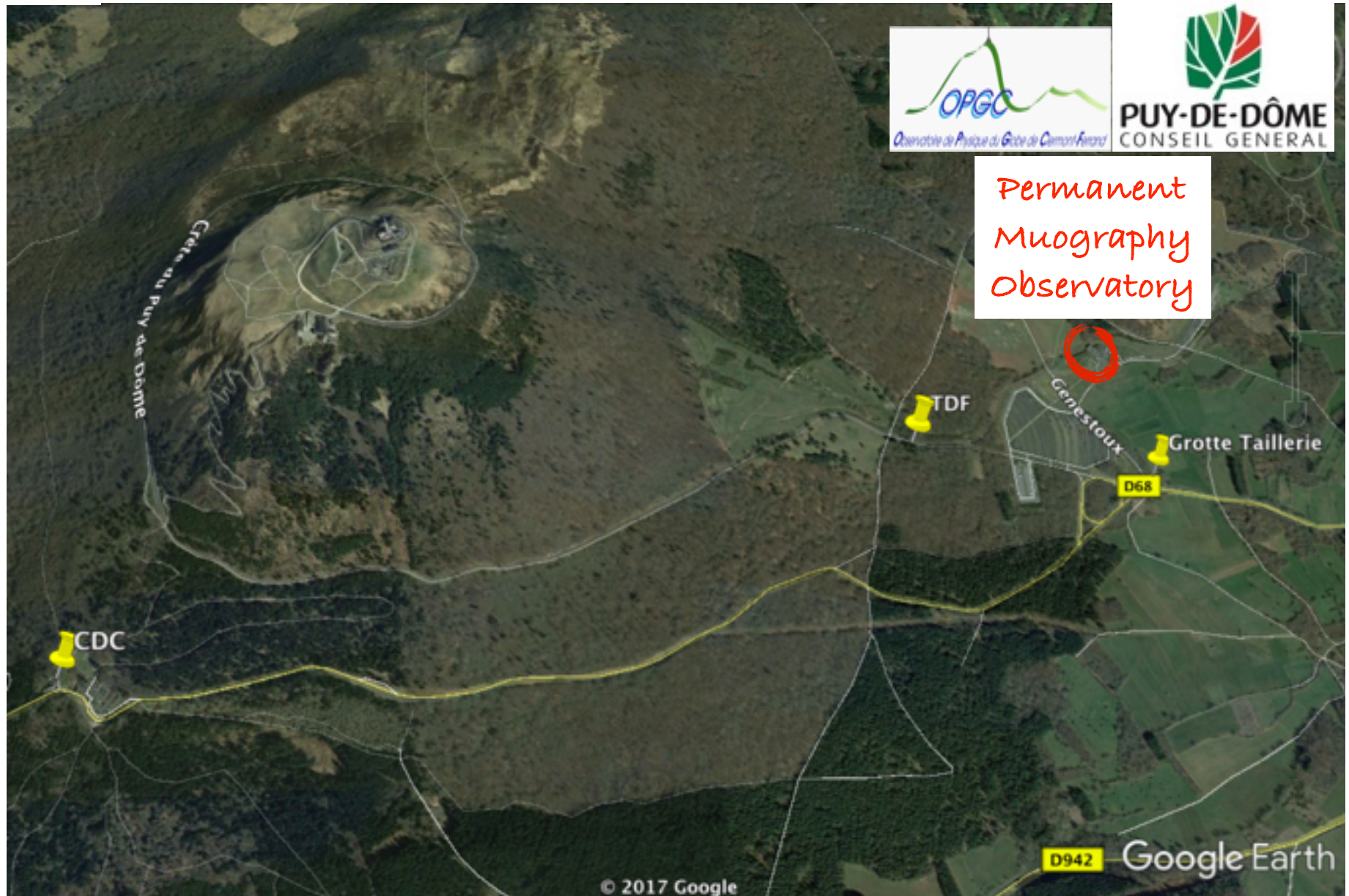


First results from MC

Background depends
on volcano topography
close to detector



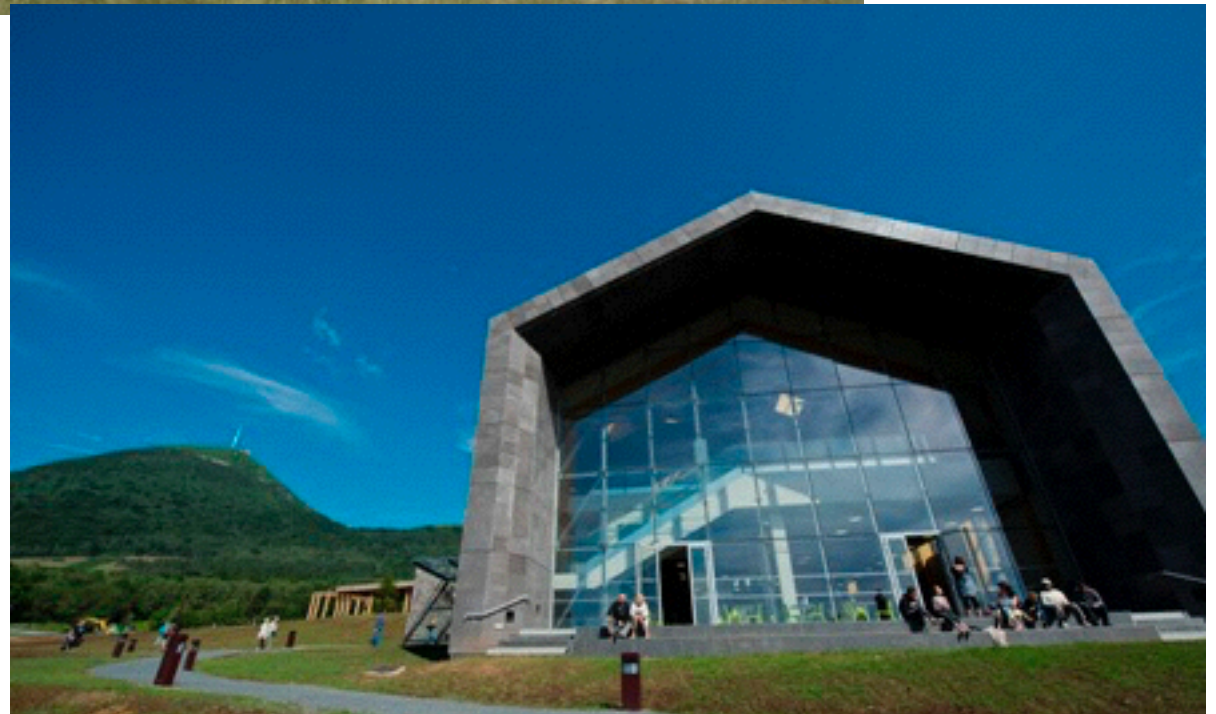
Puy de Dôme as reference site for muography and beyond

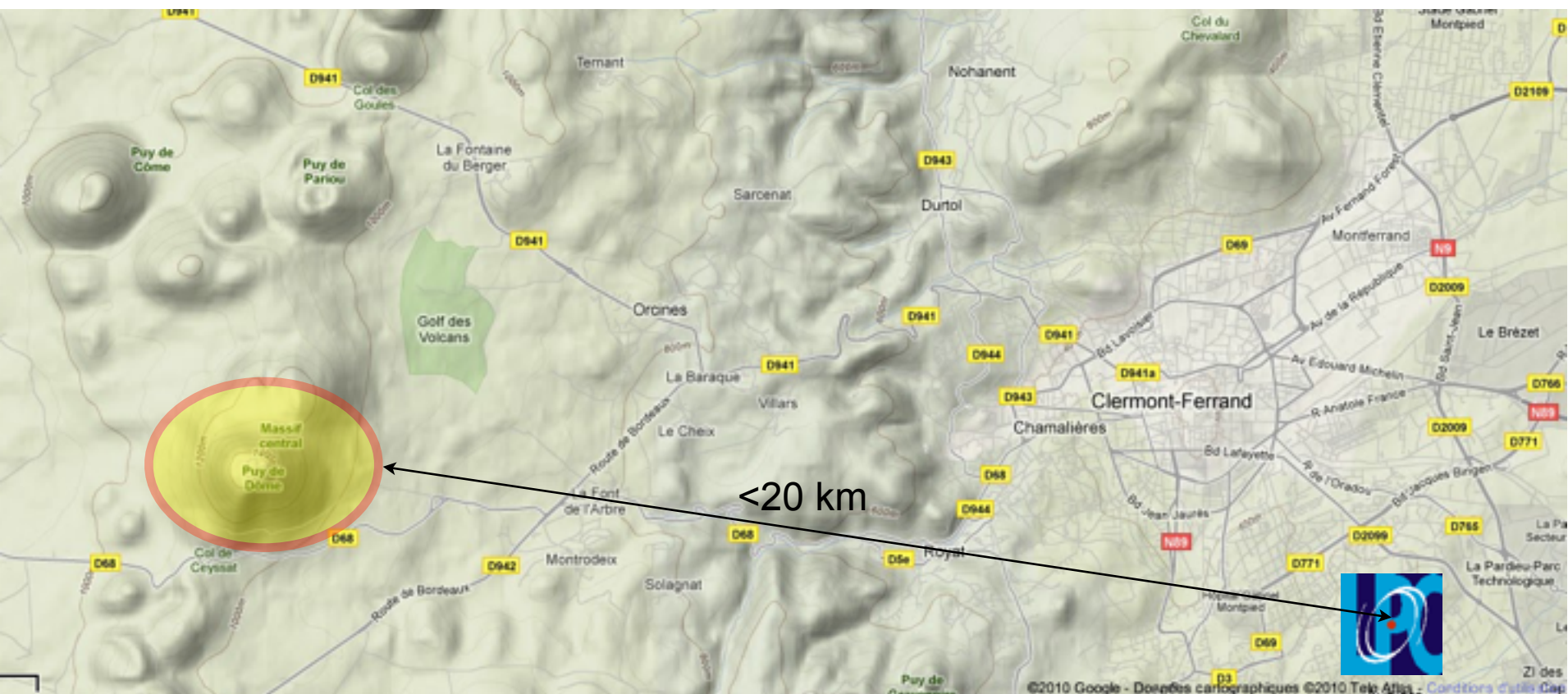


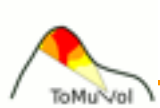


Experimentation site with

- electricity
- network
- easy to host researchers
- easy to access
- close to Clermont labs

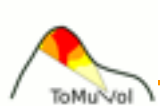






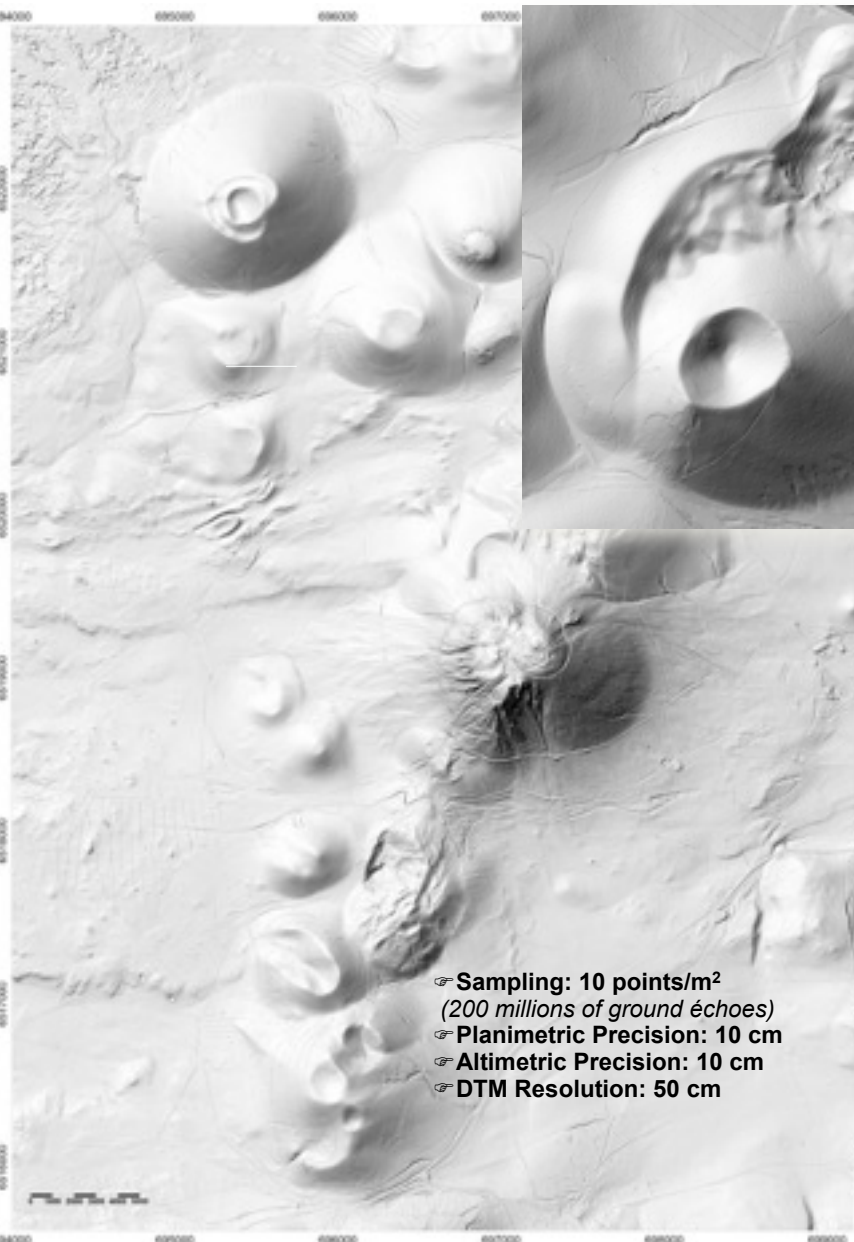
Puy de Dôme - a well "calibrated volcano"

- very detailed muon flux estimates available
- reference set of muographic data
- topography well known (LIDAR)

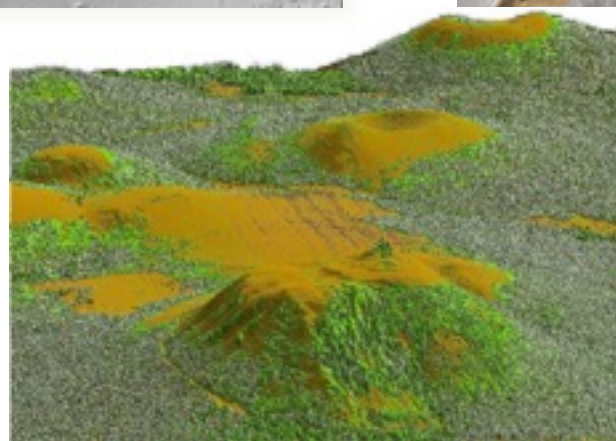
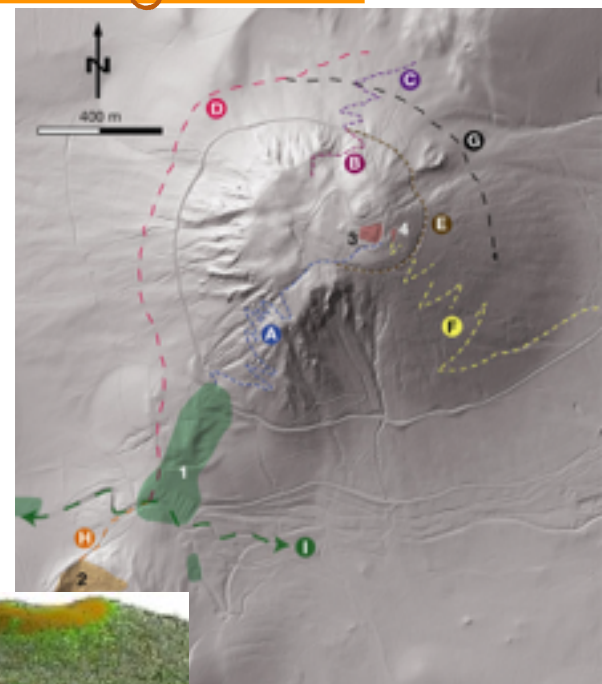
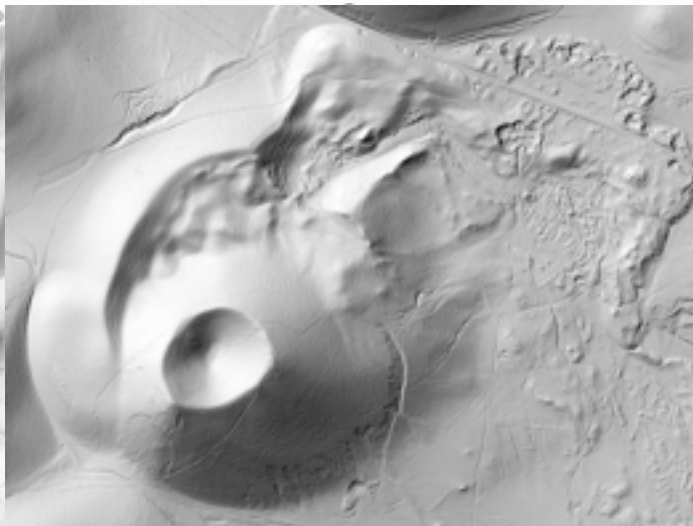


High Resolution Airborne LiDAR Survey

(Puy de Dôme and central part of the Chaîne des Puys)



- ☛ Sampling: 10 points/m²
(200 millions of ground échoes)
- ☛ Planimetric Precision: 10 cm
- ☛ Altimetric Precision: 10 cm
- ☛ DTM Resolution: 50 cm



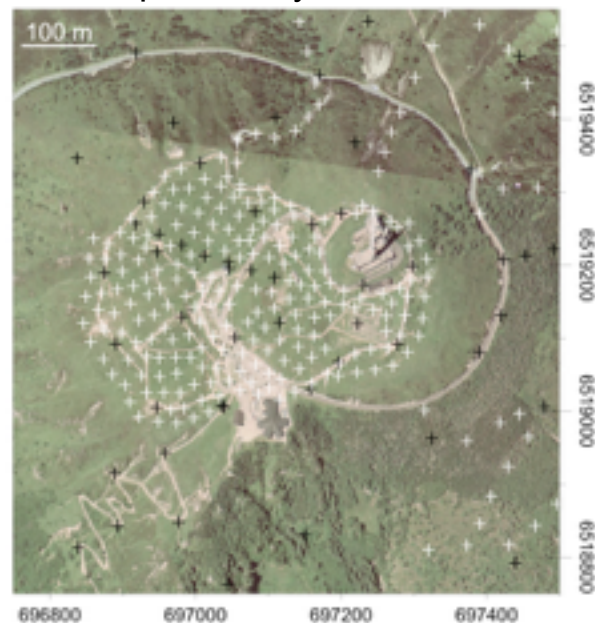
Collaboration LiDARverne (2011)



- very detailed muon flux estimates available
- reference set of muographic data
- topography well known (LIDAR)
- gravimetric measurements available
- electrical resistivity measurements available (and more to come, see Catherine's talk tomorrow)

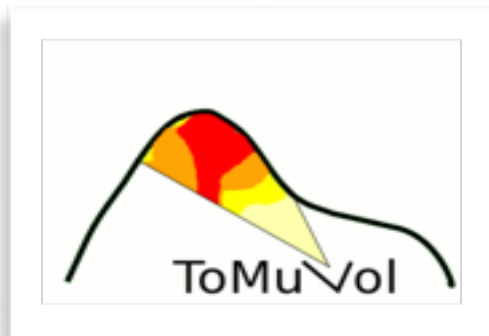


- around 2500 relative gravity measurements
- High resolution differential GPS positioning at the gravimeter tripod center average accuracy: **1.6 cm** in planimetry and **2.3 cm** in altimetry



Proof of principle of muography on km sized volcanoes

Updated results expected to be released for beginning 2018
(joint inversion of muography + gravimetry)



Puy de Dôme muography reference site

- permanent muography observatory; external collaborators more than welcomed
- reference site for developing joint, multi-probe imaging